



EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS IN BANDUNG NUCLEAR RESEARCH AREA

Satrio Aris Setiawan satr012@brin.go.id

Follow-Up Training Course (FTC) on Nuclear / Radiological Emergency Preparedness (NREP)

19 - 22 Agustus 2025

DPFK BRIN - JAEA









INTRODUCTION





Satrio Aris Setiawan

I'm working in National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN) -Directorate of Nuclear Facility Management (DPFK). In Radiation & Environmental Safety Section as Radiation Protection Officer (RPO).



Physics



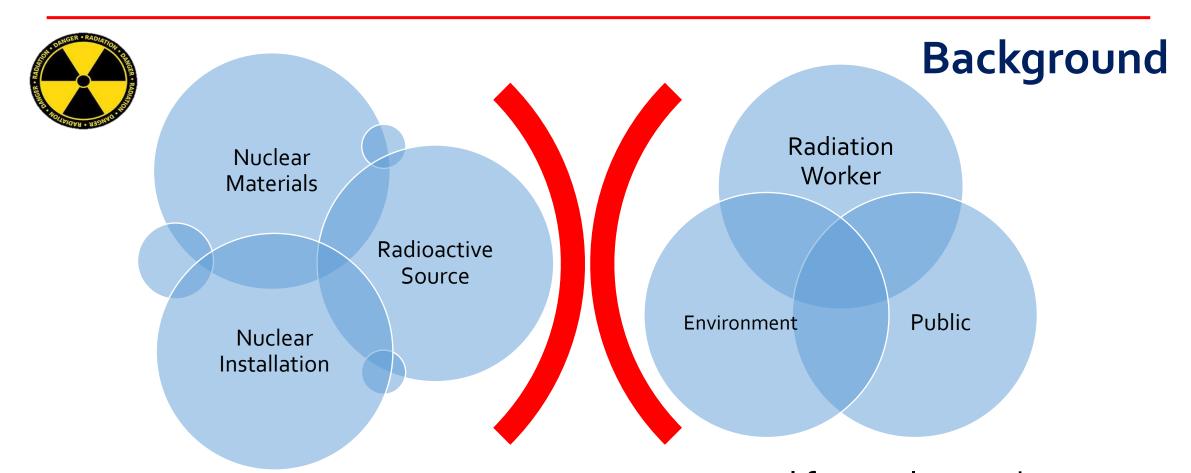






INTRODUCTION





Nuclear Utilization

Potential for Nuclear and Radiological Accidents





INTRODUCTION



Learning Objectives

Purpose:

Explain about Nuclear Emergency Preparedness & Response in Bandung Nuclear Area

> Explain about Nuclear Emergency Response

Explain about Nuclear Emergency Preparedness



Indicators:

Know the Reactor TRIGA 2000 Bandung Contingency Plan

Explain the duties &

Nuclear Emergency

Reactor TRIGA 2000

functions of the

Management

Organization at



REGULATION



Indonesia's legislative acts for nuclear and radiological response:

- Law of the Republic of Indonesia No. 10 of 1997 concerning Nuclear Forces;
- Law of the Republic of Indonesia No. 24 of 2007 concerning Disaster Management;
- Government Regulation no. 45 of 2023 concerning Safety and Security of Nuclear Installations
- Government Regulation no. 54 of 2012 concerning Ionizing Radiation Safety and Radioactive Materials Security;
- Regulation of the Head of Nuclear Energy Regulatory Agency (BAPETEN) No. 01 of 2010 concerning Nuclear Emergency Preparedness and Management;
- Guidelines for Nuclear Reactor Emergency Preparedness and Management, BAPETEN, 2017

 BerAKHLAK # PROPERTY AND PROPERTY A



OUTLINE



- Hazard Assessment
- Roles & Responsibility
- Emergency Preparedness & Response (EPR) Programme in Bandung Nuclear Area
 - Infrastucture
 - Organization
 - Coordination
 - Facilities and equipment
 - Procedures
 - Training and/or drill
 - Response function
 - Identification, report, activation
 - Mitigation
 - Urgent protection action
 - Emergency worker protection and public
 - Information to public
- Contingency Planning



IAEA GSR Part 7 (2015)

The Goverment Regulation No. 54 Year 2012

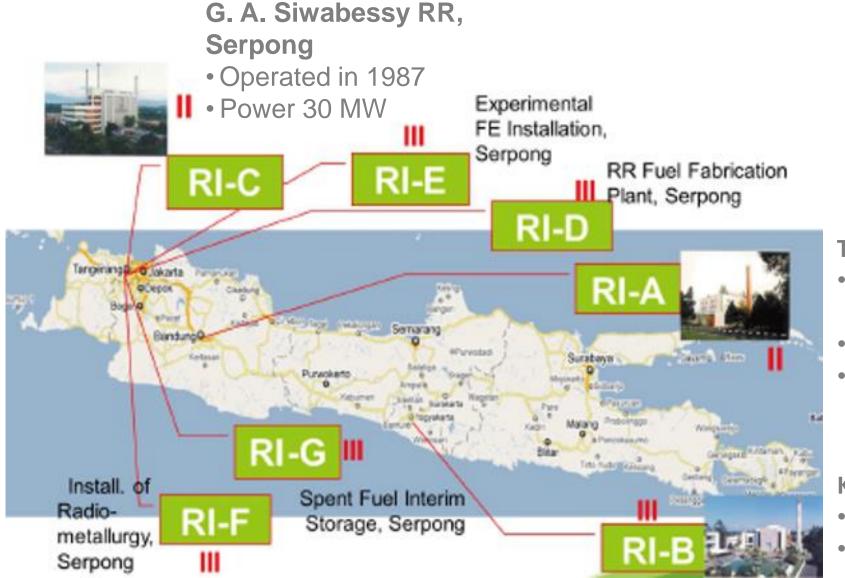
Nuclear Energy Regulatory Agency (BAPETEN) Chairman's Regulation Number 1 Year 2010

Guidelines for Nuclear Reactor Emergency Preparedness and Management, BAPETEN, 2017









TRIGA 2000 RR, Bandung

- Operated in 1965 (power 250 kW)
- Power 1000 kW (1971)
- Power 2000 kW (2000)

Kartini RR, Yogyakarta

- Operated in 1979
- Power 100 kW



HAZARD ASSESSMENT (2)



hazard categorization system for installations / facilities / activities that utilize nuclear energy using a graded approach according to the level of hazard and potential impact of the installation / facility / activity

Category I



Category III











Category IV





HAZARD ASSESSMENT₍₃₎



Facilities, such as some types of research reactor and nuclear reactors used to provide power for the propulsion of vessels (e.g. ships and submarines), for which on-site events are postulated that could give rise to doses to people off the site that would warrant urgent protective actions or early protective actions and other response actions to achieve the goals of emergency response in accordance with international standards, or for which such events have occurred in similar facilities.

Severe deterministic effects on-site, urgent protective action off-site, e.g. reactors 2 – 100 MW(th)





HAZARD ASSESSMENT (4)



Facilities, such as industrial irradiation facilities or some hospitals, for which on-site events are postulated that could warrant protective actions and other response actions on the site to achieve the goals of emergency response in accordance with international standards, or for which such events have occurred in similar facilities.

No off-site hazard – severe effects on-site, protective actions on site, e.g. reactors < 2 MW(th), radiotherapy facility.





HAZARD ASSESSMENT (5)



Source:

Spent fuel / fresh fuel, radioactive material / source, radioactive waste

Emergency preparedness categories in Indonesia:

- category II (GSR part 7)
- threat category II facility (GS-G-2.1, PP 54/2012)

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		DLE	· O.	OU	U	UES	IED	EIV	ILL	UE	NO. 1	LONES	MIND	ALEA	SIZES

Facilities	Precautionary action zone (PAZ) radius ^{b,c}	Urgent protective action planning zone (UPZ) radius ^d
Threat category I facilities	L	
Reactors >1000 MW(th)	3–5 km	5–30 km ^e
Reactors 100-1000 MW(th)	0.5-3 km	5–30 km ^e
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ^{5 f}	3–5 km	5–30 km ^e
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ⁴ –10 ^{5 f}	0.5-3 km	5–30 km ^e
Threat category II facilities	>	
Reactors 10-100 MW(th)	None	0.5–5 km
Reactors 2-10 MW(th)	None	0.5 km
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ³ -10 ^{4 f}	None	0.5–5 km
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ² –10 ^{3 f}	None	0.5 km
Fissionable mass is possible within 500 m of	None	0.5–1 km



ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES



GSR Part 7	In Indonesia (PP No. 54 tahun 2012)
Alert	Instalation emergency
Facility emergency	
Site area emergency	
General emergency	Province emergency National emergency

Responsibility

- Instalation : Facility's license holder Operating Organization
- Province: Local / provincial government Regional Disaster Mangement Agency (BPBD)
- Nasional: Central Government National Board for Dissaster Mangement (BNPB)





EPR PROGRAMME IN BANDUNG NUCLEAR AREA (1)



INFRASTRUCTURE

- 1.Organization
- 2. Coordination
- 3. Facility & Equipment
- 4. Procedures
- 5. Training and/or Drill

RESPONSE FUNCTION

- 1. Identification, Report & Activation
- 2. Mitigation
- 3. Urgent Protection Action
- 4. Emergency Worker Protection & Public
- 5. Information & Instruction to Public





EPR PROGRAMME IN BANDUNG NUCLEAR AREA (2)



Response Function

BAPETEN Regulation No 1 Year 2010

- 1. Identification, Report & Activation
- 2. Mitigation
- 3. Urgent Protection Action
- 4. Emergency Worker Protection & Public
- 5. Information & Instruction to Public

Government Regulation No 45 Year 2023

- Emergency preparedness operation management
- 2. <u>Identification,</u> <u>report &</u> <u>activation</u>

3. Mitigation

4. <u>Urgent</u> protection action

8. Public commmunication

7. Medical treatment

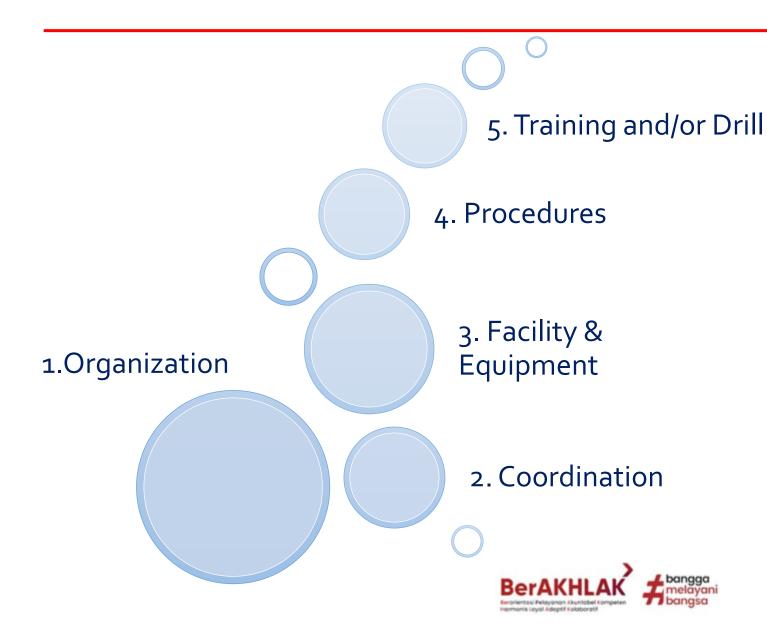
- 6. <u>Emergency</u> <u>worker</u> <u>protection</u>
- 5. <u>Information & instruction to public</u>

- g. Radioactive waste management
- 10. Nonradiologic consenquence mitigation
- 11. Nuclear emergency termination
- 12. Emergency preparedness & response analysis









PURPOSE:

to ensure availability for adequate capacity to respond effectively in the event of a nuclear or radiological emergency, both at the installation, local, regional and national levels and at the international level.



INFRASTRUCTURE (2)



1. Organization, consists of (at least):

Operation Controller / Incider Commander

Nuclear **Emergency** Response



Chaiman of the Nuclear **Emergency** Response

Emergency Organization **Assessor**

Radiological

Consists of (at least):

- **Mitigation Team**
- 2. Radiation **Protection Team**
- **Medic Team**
- 4. Firefighter Team
- **Security Unit**



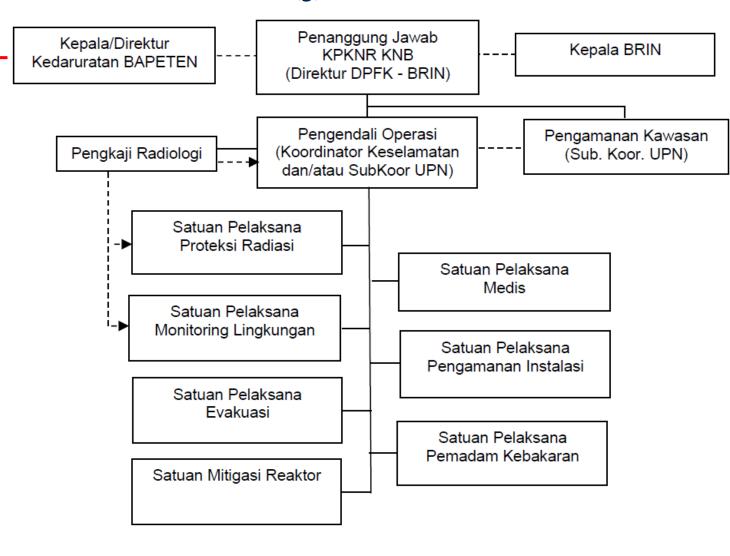
INFRASTRUCTURE (3)



1. Organization &

2. Coordination

- Chairman of the nuclear emergency response
- Operation controller / Incider Commander
- Radiological Assessor
- Nuclear Emergency Response Organization (mitigation, radiation protection, medic, firefighter, instalation / security, etc)



—— = Garis Alur Komando ---- = Garis Alur Koordinasi ----▶ = Garis Alur Rekomendasi



KEPUTUSAN

DEPUTI BIDANG INSFRASTRUKTUR RISET DAN INOVASI BADAN RISET DAN INOVASI NASIONAL REPUBLIK INDONESIA

NOMOR: B-685/II.6/HK.01/1/2024

TENTANG

PELAKSANA KESIAPSIAGAAN DAN PENANGGULANGAN KEDARURATAN NUKLIR / RADIOLOGIK KAWASAN NUKLIR BANDUNG **TAHUN 2024**

DEPUTI BIDANG INSFRASTRUKTUR RISET DAN INOVASI

- Menimbang : a. bahwa aspek keselamatan radiasi adalah hal yang mutlak harus dilaksanakan guna mencegah atau mengurangi kecelakaan radiasi, guna menjamin keselamatan pekerja, masyarakat, instalasi dan lingkungan;
 - b. bahwa untuk mencegah dan menanggulangi kecelakaan nuklir dan/atau radiologik secara dini dan untuk memperkecil akibat yang ditimbulkan perlu dibuat suatu ketentuan mengenai Kesiapsiagaan dan Penanggulangan Kedaruratan Nuklir / Radiologik;
 - c. bahwa nama-nama pegawai pada daftar lampiran keputusan ini dipandang mampu dan memenuhi syarat sebagai Pelaksana Kesiapsiagaan dan Penanggulangan Kedaruratan Nuklir / Radiologik di Kawasan Nuklir

Mengingat

- : 1. Undang-undang Nomor 10 tahun 1997 tentang Ketenaganukliran;
 - 2. Peraturan Pemerintah No. 45 tahun 2023 tentang Keselamatan Radiasi Pengion dan Keamanan Zat Radioaktif:
 - 3. Peraturan Pemerintah No. 54 tahun 2012 tentang Keselamatan dan Keamanan Instalasi Nuklir:
 - 4. Peraturan Presiden Nomor 78 tahun 2021 tentang Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional
 - 5. Peraturan Kepala Bapeten Nomor 1 tahun 2010 tentang Kesiapsiagaan dan Penanggulangan Kedaruratan Radiologik:
 - 6. Peraturan Kepala Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional Nomor 1 tahun 2021 tentang Organisasi dan Tata Kerja Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional

MEMUTUSKAN

KEPUTUSAN DEPUTI INFRASTRUKTUR RISET DAN INOVASI Menetankan TENTANG PELAKSANA KESIAPSIAGAAN PENANGGULANGAN KEDARURATAN NUKLIR / RADIOLOGIK

KAWASAN NUKLIR BANDUNG TAHUN 2024

KESATU Membentuk Pelaksana Tanggap Darurat Kawasan Nuklir Bandung dan mengangkat pegawai yang nama-namanya

tersebut dan tugasnya pada Lampiran II dan III yang merupakan bagian tidak terpisahkan dari Keputusan ini. Seluruh personel harus melaksanakan tugas dan fungsinya

seperti yang telah ditetapkan.

KETIGA

KELIMA

Pelaksana bertanggung jawab dan melaporkan pelaksanaan tugasnya kepada Kepala Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional.

KEEMPAT Biaya untuk melaksanakan Keputusan ini bersumber dari anggaran pendapatan dan belanja negara yang dialokasikan

pada bagian anggaran Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional dan/atau sumber lain yang sah dan tidak mengikat.

Keputusan ini mulai berlaku sejak tanggal ditetapkan sampai

dengan SK berikutnya dengan ketentuan apabila di kemudian hari terdapat kekeliruan dalam keputusan ini akan diadakan

perbaikan sebagaimana mestinya.

Ditetapkan di Jakarta pada tanggal 26 Januari 2024

Plt. Deputi Infrastruktur Riset dan Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional

TT ELEKTRONIK

Dr. Yan Rianto, M.Eng



PROGRAM KESIAPSIAGAAN NUKLIR KAWASAN NUKLIR BANDUNG

Nomor: 003/II.6.5/ITRG 2.2-1/KN 01 02/2022 Edisi: 01 - Revisi: 00

2022

KAWASAN NUKLIR BANDUNG DIREKTORAT PENGELOLAAN FASILITAS KETENAGANUKLIRAN

Jalan Tamansari No. 71, Kelurahan Lebak Siliwangi, Kecamatan Coblong Kota Bandung, 40132



INFRASTRUCTURE (4)

1. Organization &

2. Coordination



PROGRAM KESIAPSIAGAAN NUKLIR KAWASAN NUKLIR BANDUNG DIREKTORAT PENGELOLAAN FASILITAS KETENAGANUKLIRAN BADAN RISET DAN INOVASI NASIONAL

LEMBAR PENGESAHAN						
	Nomor Dokumen	Edisi/Revisi	Tanggal Berlaku	Halaman		
003/11	6.5/ITRG 2.2-1/KN 01 02/2022	01/00	30 Desember 2022	Hal 2 dari 30		
003/11.						

Proses/ Kegiatan	Nama Pelaksana & Nama Fasilitas/Instalasi	Tanda Tangan	Tanggal
	Dra. Juni Chussetijowati Pengawas Radiasi Madya	TT ELEKTRONIK	10 Desember 2022
Disiapkan	Rezky Anggakusuma, S.Si., M.K.M. Pengembang Teknologi Nuklir Ahli Pertama	TT ELEKTRONIK	10 Desember 2022
	Afida Ikawati, MT. Sub Koordinator Proteksi Radiasi dan Keselamatan Kerja - Pengawas Radiasi Muda	TT ELEKTRONIK	10 Desember 2022
Diperiksa	Sigit Nugroho Pamungkas, M. Eng. Koordinator Keselamatan Kawasan Nuklir Bandung	TT ELEKTRONIK	14 Desember 2022
Dipeliksa	Dwi Yuliansari Nurazizah, A.Md. Sub Koordinator Jaminan Mutu Reaktor TRIGA 2000 Bandung	TT ELEKTRONIK	20 Desember 2022
Disetujui	Zulfiyandi, A.Md. Koordinator Jaminan Mutu	# TT ELEKTRONIK	26 Desember 2022
Disahkan	Dr. Mohammad Subekti Plt. Direktur PFK	🌺 TT ELEKTRONIK	30 Desember 2022

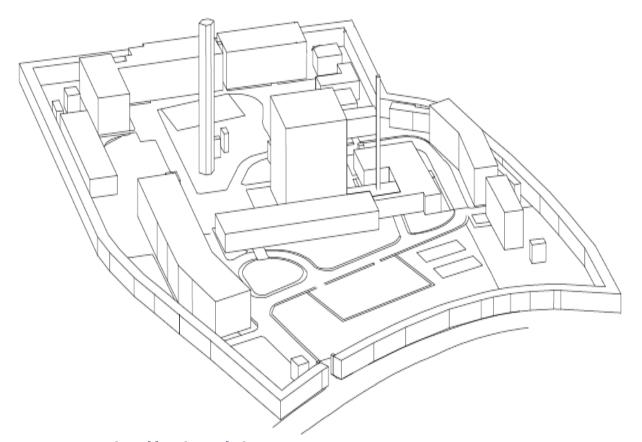




INFRASTRUKTURE (5)



3. Facility & Equipment



- PAZ : reactor hall / building
- UPZ : Bandung nuclear area fence



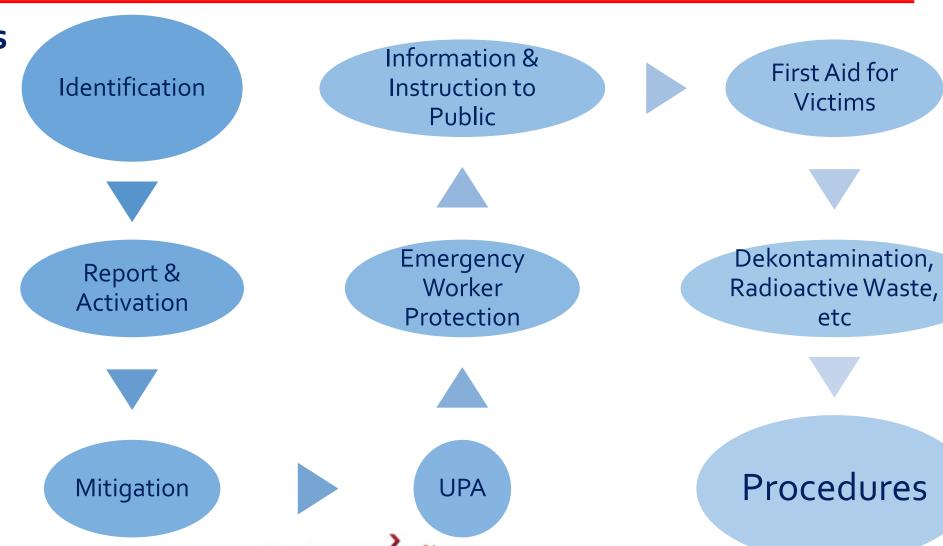
	- — (5)	
NO	EQUIPMENT	PICTURE
1	Handheld surveimeter	
2	Fixed radiation monitoring	
3	Pocket dosimeter. TLD badge	
4	PPE	
5	Radioactive waste	



INFRASTRUCTURE (5)









INFRASTRUCTURE (6)



Aim

 Classification of installation & radiological abnormal conditions

Input

- Reactor system status, radiological installation condition, fuel pool status, security status
- Dose rate around the installation

 Accident Classification

Output



INFRASTRUCTURE (7)



5. Training and/or Drill

Province / Offsite: every 2 year

National / Offsite: every 4 year

Facility / Installation:

every 1 year





5. Training and/or Drill

Mr.RASIR

NO ACTIVITIES

DOCUMENTATION

National EPR exercise— *Drill*Field exercise in Province scale



6)

1

4 December 2019
Facility EPR exercise — TTE (*Table Top Exercise*)
BATAN - Stakeholders



3 Pacility EPR exercise – TTE (*Table Top Exercise*)





4 30 November 2021 Facility EPR exercise — Drill





5 6 October 2022 Facility EPR exercise- Drill BRIN - BAPETEN





7 December 2023 Facility EPR exercise – TTE (*TableTop Exercise*)







RESPONSE FUNCTION (1)







RESPONSE FUNCTION (2)



1. Identification, Report & Activation

NUCLEAR / RADIOLOGIC EMERGENCY CLASIFICATION

General Emergency

- Off-site radioactive release / exposure
- Province Emergency (5 μSv/hour for 10 minutes)
- National Emergency (500 μSv/hour for 10 minutes)

Site Area Emergency

- A significant protection level decrease for population onsite and offsite area near facility
- Beyond Design Basis Accident (DBA)

Facility Emergency & Alert

- No risk for population off-site facility area
- A significant personnel protection decrease

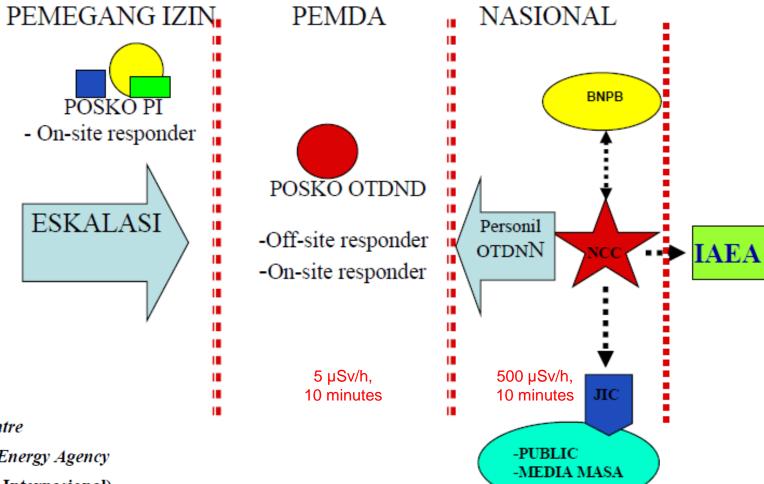




RESPONSE FUNCTION (3)



1. Identification, Report & Activation



Keterangan:

JIC : Joint Information Centre

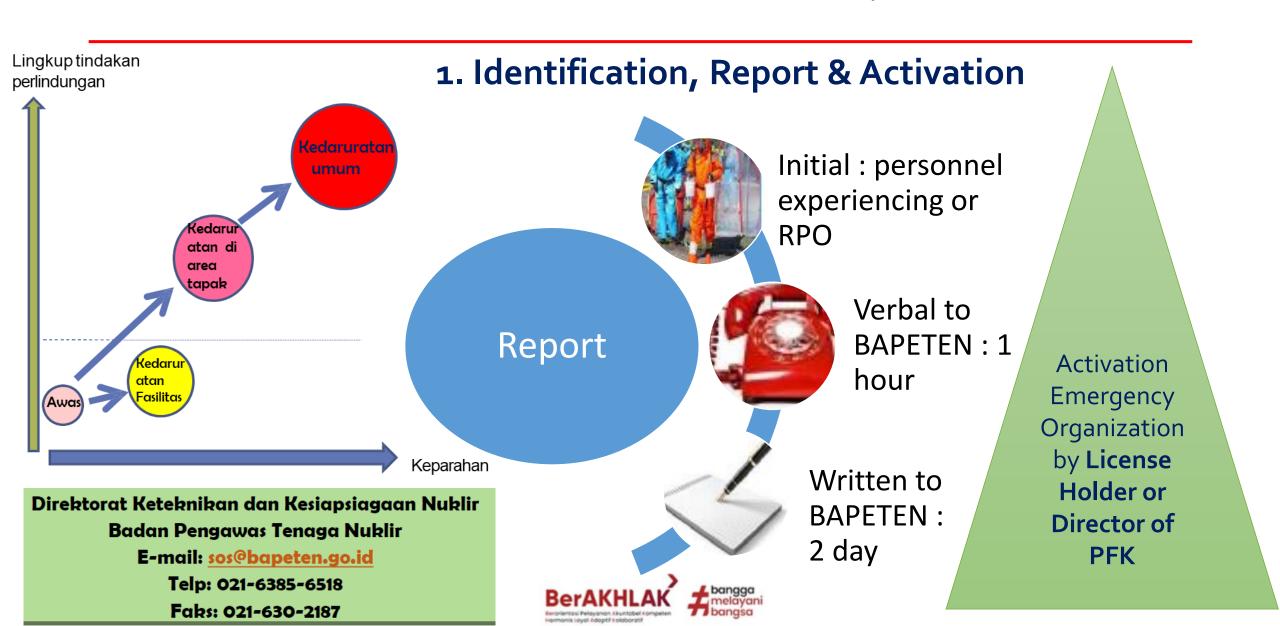
IAEA: International Atomic Energy Agency

(Badan Tenaga Atom Internasional)



RESPONSE FUNCTION (4)











Report

Report to BAPETEN

Verbal report in 1 hour

Written report in 2 day (2 x 24hour)

Information

Content:

Accurate, regularly updated, fast, timely

Appoint a public relations / spokesperson

BerAKHLAK

Berofentsi Pelayanan Akutobel Kompeten
Harmonia Loval Adactif Koloboratif

bangga melayani bangsa Emergency status

Description & brief description of the accident

Emergency response actions that have been & will be taken

Impact & escalation estimates

Immediate action recommendations



RESPONSE FUNCTION (6)



1. Identification, Report & Activation

FORMULIR PELAPORAN PENANGGULANGAN KEDARURATAN NUKLIR

Tanggal	:	
Jam	:	
Instansi	:	
Alamat	:	
Lokasi	:	
	_	
Nama Pelapor	:	
Jabatan	:	
Unit Kerja	:	
Telp	:	
Faks	:	
E-mail	:	

Kategori	I	II	III	IV
Fasilitas /	□Reaktor Daya	□Reaktor Daya	□Reaktor < 2	□Radiografi
Instalasi	□Reaktor	□Reaktor	MWt	industri
Histarasi	Nondaya	Nondaya	□Fasilitas	fasilitas
	Daya:	Daya:	penyimpanan	terbuka
	Tipe:	Tipe:	bahan bakar	□Well
	□Lain-lain	□Lain-lain	bekas kering	logging
			□Fasilitas	□Fasilitas
	Klas kedaruratan	Klas kedaruratan	produksi	gauging
	□Waspada	□Waspada	radioisotop	industri
	□Kedaruratan area tapak	□Kedaruratan area tapak	□Lain-lain	□Lain-lain
	□Kedaruratan	□Kedaruratan		
	umum	umum		

Sumber radiasi y	Sumber radiasi yang terlibat:							
Bentuk Fisik	padat	cair	gas gas					
Jenis Isotop								
Aktivitas								



Paparan Radiasi							
Jarak (meter)	1	10	25	50			
mRem/jam					·····		
Kontaminasi							
Lantai/Ruangan Bq/cm ²							
Udara Bq/liter							

Jumlah Korban						
Nama	Keterangan					
Tindakan Penanggulangan yang telah dilakukan						
Bantuan yang diharapkan						

Pelapor Nama Lengkap

KEPALA BADAN PENGAWAS TENAGA NUKLIR, ttd AS NATIO LASMAN

Direktorat Keteknikan dan Kesiapsiagaan Nuklir Badan Pengawas Tenaga Nuklir

E-mail: sos@bapeten.go.id

Telp: 021-6385-6518

Faks: 021-630-2187



RESPONSE FUNCTION (7)



2. Mitigation

actions to restrain and reduce radiation exposure if an event occurs that may cause or increase radiation exposure

Shut down the reactor,

Suppress / minimize radiation source

Turn on the emergency core cooling system in Reactor

Ventilation System radioactive release



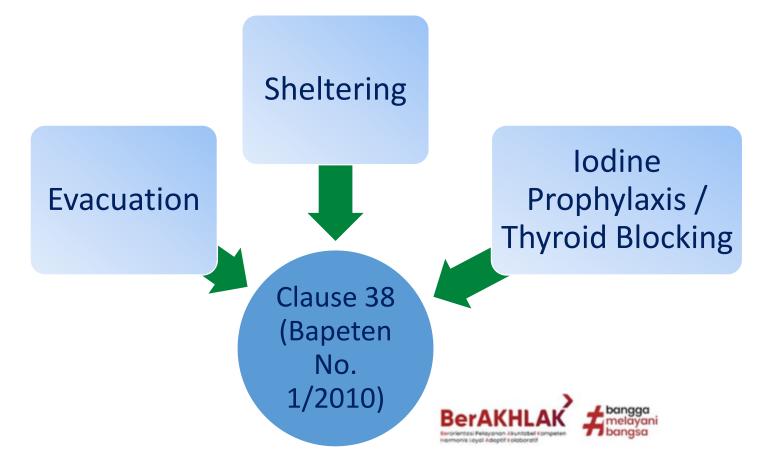


RESPONSE FUNCTION (8)



3. Urgent Protection Action

actions that must be taken immediately to avoid or reduce doses to the public in a nuclear emergency to provide effective results.

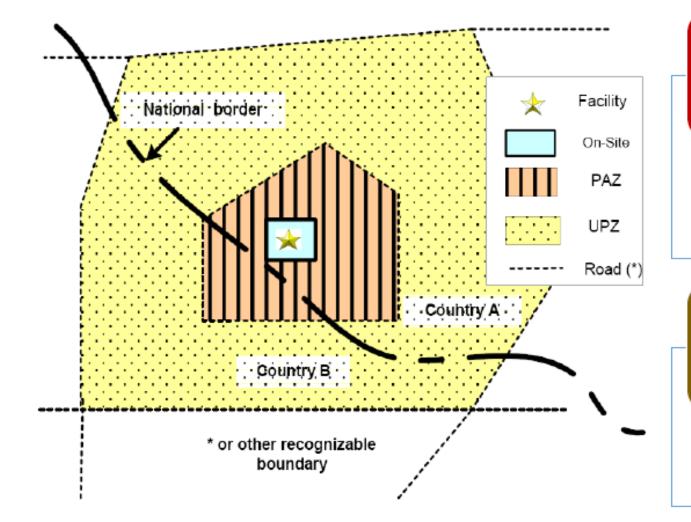




RESPONSE FUNCTION (9)



3. Urgent Protection Action



Zona tindakan pencegahan (Precautionary Action Zone, PAZ)

 mengurangi secara signifikan risiko efek deterministik

Zona perencanaan (Urgent protective action planning zone, UPZ)

 menghindari dosis lepas-kawasan



RESPONSE FUNCTION (10)



3. Urgent Protection Action

Source:

Spent fuel / fresh fuel, radioactive material / source, radioactive waste

Emergency preparedness categories in Indonesia:

- category II (GSR part 7)
- threat category II facility (GS-G-2.1, PP 54/2012)

	AREA SIZESª
Precautionary	Urgent protective
action zone (PAZ) radius ^{b,c}	action planning zone (UPZ) radius ^d
	. ,

	radius ^{b,c}	(UPZ) radius ^d
Threat category I facilities		
Reactors >1000 MW(th)	3–5 km	$5-30 \text{ km}^{\text{e}}$
Reactors 100-1000 MW(th)	0.5-3 km	$5-30 \text{ km}^{\text{e}}$
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ⁵ f	3–5 km	$5-30 \text{ km}^{\text{e}}$
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ⁴ –10 ⁵ f	0.5-3 km	$5-30 \text{ km}^{\text{e}}$
Threat category II facilities	>	
Reactors 10-100 MW(th)	None	0.5-5 km
Reactors 2-10 MW(th)	None	0.5 km
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ³ –10 ⁴ f	None	0.5-5 km
A/D ₂ from Appendix III is ≥10 ² –10 ^{3 f}	None	0.5 km
Fissionable mass is possible within 500 m of	None	0.5-1 km





RESPONSE FUNCTION (11)



3. Urgent Protection Action

Nuclear Emergency Zone

- The area around the facility or installation in which there is:
 - zona tindakan pencegahan (precautionary action zone, PAZ),
 - zona perencanaan (urgent protective action planning zone, UPZ),
 - zona pengawasan bahan pangan (food restriction planning radius, FRP)
 → EPD (Extend Planning Distance) , ICPD (Ingestion and Commodities Planning Distance)

Precautionary Action Zone (PAZ)

- for facilities in category I,
- for which arrangements shall be made for taking **urgent protective actions** and other response actions, before any significant release of radioactive material occurs, on the basis of conditions at the facility (i.e. conditions leading to the declaration of a general emergency), in order to avoid or to minimize severe deterministic effects







RESPONSE FUNCTION (12)



3. Urgent Protection Action

Urgent Protective
Action Planning
Zone (UPZ)

- for facilities in category I or II, for which arrangements shall be made to initiate **urgent protective actions** and other response actions, if possible before any significant release of radioactive material occurs, on the basis of conditions at the facility (i.e. conditions leading to the declaration of a general emergency), and after a release occurs, on the basis of monitoring and assessment of the radiological situation off the site, in order to reduce the risk of stochastic effects.
- Any such actions shall be taken in such a way as not to delay the implementation of **precautionary urgent protective actions** and other response actions within the **precautionary action zone (PAZ)**.





RESPONSE FUNCTION (13)



3. Urgent Protection Action

Extended
Planning Distance
(EPD)

• for facilities in category I or II (beyond the UPZ), for which arrangements shall be made to conduct monitoring and assessment of the radiological situation off the site in order to identify areas, within a period of time that would allow the risk of stochastic effects in the areas to be effectively reduced by taking **protective actions** and other response actions within a day to a week or to a few weeks following a significant radioactive release

Ingestion and Commodities
Planning Distance (ICPD)

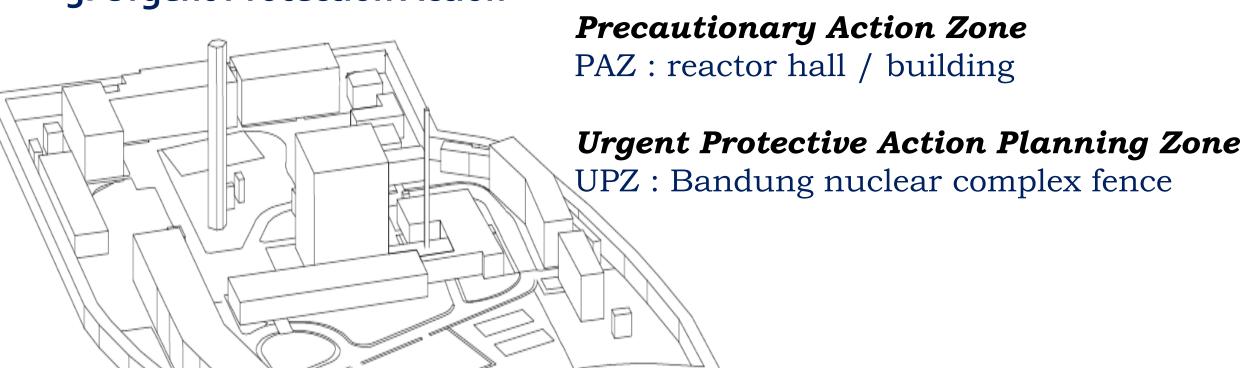
- for facilities in category I or II (beyond the EPD), for which arrangements shall be made to take response actions
 - 1) for protecting the food chain and water supply as well as for protecting commodities other than food from contamination following a significant radioactive release and
 - 2) for protecting the public from the ingestion of food, milk and drinking water and from the use of commodities other than food with possible contamination following a significant radioactive release



RESPONSE FUNCTION (14)



3. Urgent Protection Action



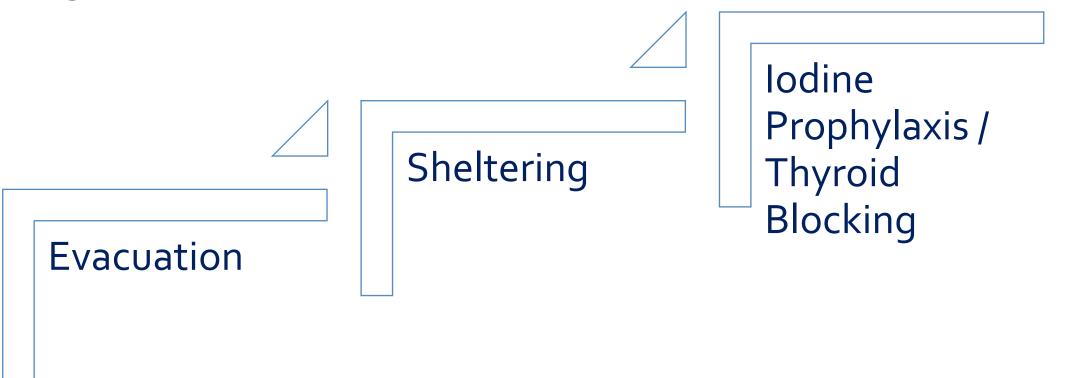
Reaktor TRIGA 2000 Bandung



RESPONSE FUNCTION (15)



3. Urgent Protection Action







BRIN RESPONSE FUNCTION (16)



4. Emergency Worker Protection & Public

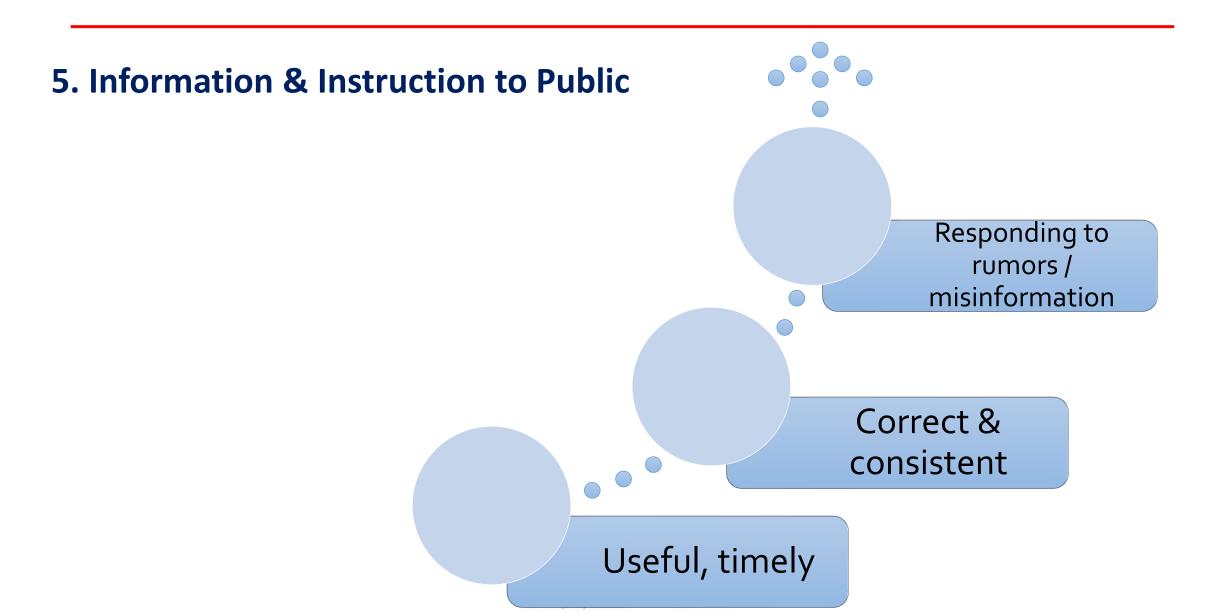
Emergency worker is an officer in charge of carrying out emergency response in a nuclear area, precautionary action zone (PAZ), or planning zone for immediate protective action (UPZ).





RESPONSE FUNCTION (17)



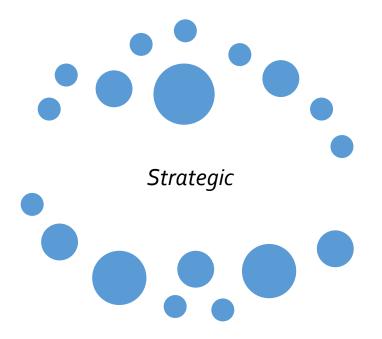




NUCLEAR EMERGENCY (1)



Emergency Response Strategy







- Classify / Klasifikasi
- Life Saving / Selamatkan Jiwa
- Assess and protect/ Ases dan Lindungi
- Inform / Informasikan
- Manage / Kelola

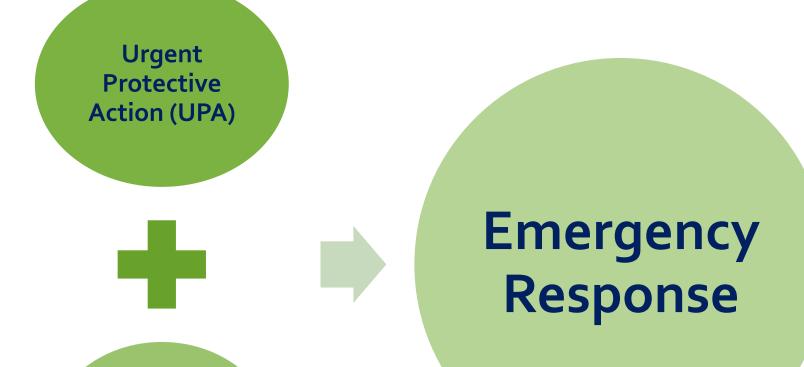


Emergency
Preparedness &
Response



NUCLEAR EMERGENCY (2)





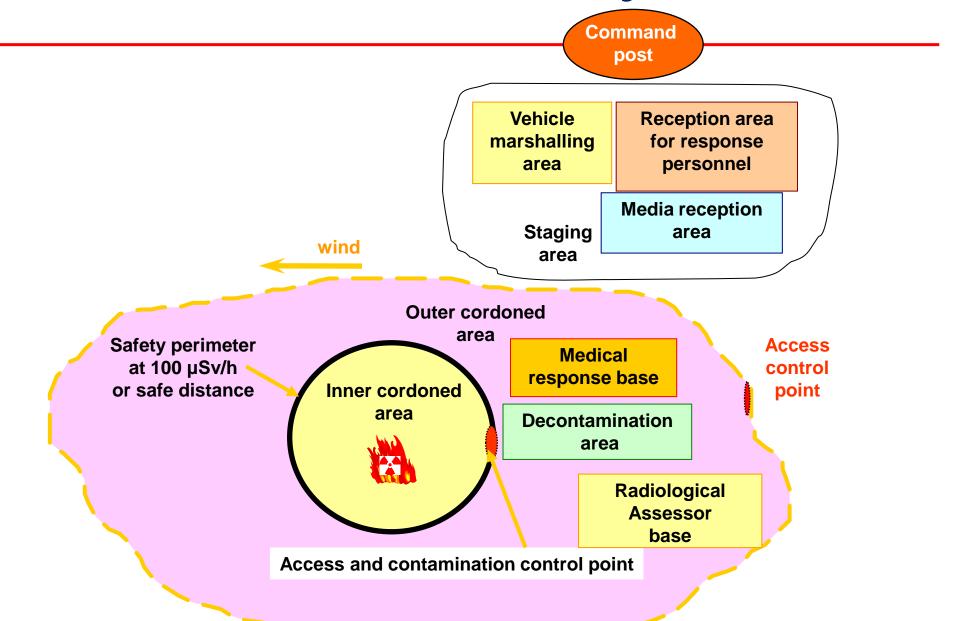
Early & Longer Protective Action





NUCLEAR EMERGENCY (3)







CONTINGENCY PLANNING NUCLEAR ACCIDENT IN BANDUNG – WEST JAVA (1)



Disaster Risk
Analysis →
Beyond Design
Basis Accident
(DBA)

1 (one) fuel falling& breaking duringthe transferoutside the core

The release will reach a radius of 1 km from the reactor, with the worst impact reaching a radius of 500 m

Radiation
exposure rate in
the perimeter:
5µSv/hour for 10
minutes

Release of radioactive (I-131, Cs-137) to the environment

Wind direction: to Southeast, wind speed: 1.3 m/s

The Lebak Siliwangi and Lebak Gede subdistricts in the Southeast East direction community / resident had to be evacuated

RENCANA KONTINJENSI Dalam Menghadapi Ancaman Bencana Kecelakaan **Nuklir di Kota Bandung Provinsi Jawa Barat**

Ventilation system failed







CONTINGENCY PLANNING NUCLEAR ACCIDENT IN BANDUNG – WEST JAVA (2)



TABLE 8, SU	JGGESTED	EMERGENCY	ZONES	AND A	REA SIZES ^a

Precautionary Urgent protective action zone (PAZ) action planning zone radius^{b,c} (UPZ) radius^d

Threat category I facilities

 Reactors >1000 MW(th)
 3–5 km
 5–30 kme

 Reactors 100–1000 MW(th)
 0.5–3 km
 5–30 kme

 A/D₂ from Appendix III is ≥10^{5 f}
 3–5 km
 5–30 kme

 A/D₂ from Appendix III is ≥10⁴–10^{5 f}
 0.5–3 km
 5–30 kme

Threat category II facilities

Safety Guide No. GS-G-2.1

Reactors 10–100 MW(th)

None

None

0.5–5 km

None

A/D₂ from Appendix III is $\geq 10^3 – 10^{4 \, \mathrm{f}}$ None

None

0.5 km

None

0.5–5 km

None

0.5–5 km

None

None

0.5–5 km

None

None

0.5–5 km

None

None

0.5–1 km



OPAZ : Bandung nuclear complex fence

OUPZ: 500 meter

OLPZ: 1 km



CONTINGENCY PLANNING NUCLEAR (3)

CONTINGENCY PLANNING - WEST JAVA (3)

ACCIDENT IN BANDUNG - WEST JAVA (3)

GOVERNOR OF WEST JAVA SECRETARY OF WEST JAVA Chief Executive BPBD West Java Province Chairman of BATAN Chairman of BAPETEN Chaiman of Social Department Chairman of Health Department Mayor of Bandung City COMMANDER Army III/Sillwangi Commander Head of BPBD West Java Province Chief of police West Java Province COMMAD REPRESENTATIVES Director of PSTNT BATAN Bandung RELATED REPRESENTATIF REGIONAL ORGANIZATION SAFETY AND SECURITY Security Sector LOGISTIC field OPERATION field ADMINSITRATION BPBD, Department of BPBD, army/police AND FINANCE field Sosial West Java West Java Province Province Cooperation Nuclear Sector Equipment Section Finance Section Section PSTNT BATAN Section Evacuation Section Logistic Section Administration Department of Transportstion Section Health Section Department of Health Information:

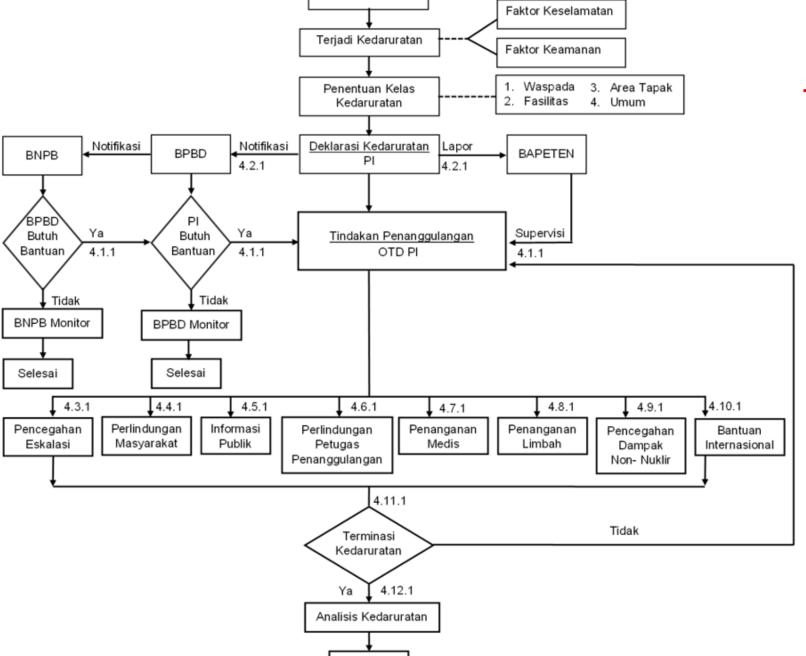
Source: Contingency Plan Nuclear Accident in Bandung – West Java, 2014



Command line







Selesai

Fasilitas/Kegiatan

National Nuclear
Emergency
Response Flowchart
for Incidents at
Installations /
Facilities / Activities

Bagan Alir Penanggulangan Kedaruratan Nuklir Nasional untuk Kejadian di Instalasi / Fasilitas / Kegiatan







